

○ Recommendations on public engagement

Pieter Valkering – VITO

All WP4 partners

March 16th, 2021

This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No [818242 — GEOENVI]



G E O E N V I

AGENDA

- Welcome – Philippe Dumas, Secretary General of EGEN and GEOENVI project coordinator

Session 1: GEOENVI Recommendations and reactions

Moderated by Pieter Valkering, VITO

Presenting GEOENVI recommendations:

- Introducing the GEOENVI recommendations – Pieter Valkering, VITO
- Public participation, insight from France – Fanny Branchu, BRGM
- Local benefits, good practices from Italy – Loredana Torsello, COSVIG

Discussed by panellists:

- Ben Laenen, VITO, Belgium
- Agnes Allansdottir, University of Siena, Italy
- Julie Purdue, AMORCE, France
- Tamás Megyes, Szeged District Heating, Hungary
- Hólmfríður Sigurðardóttir, OR, Iceland
- Mehmet Kaygusuz, Sanko Holding, Turkey

Session 2: Complementary perspectives on public participation and crowdfunding

Moderated by Fanny Branchu, BRGM

Presenting complementary perspectives:

- Public engagement for geothermal energy: From social acceptance to locally embedded projects – Olivier Ejderyan, ETH Zurich, Switzerland
- Crowdfunding and public engagement, by Jan Hildebrand, IZES, Georgie Friederichs, CrowdfundingHub and Amel Barich, GEORG from the CROWD THERMAL project

Questions from the audience

Closing discussion by panellists

3 /

○ Ambition

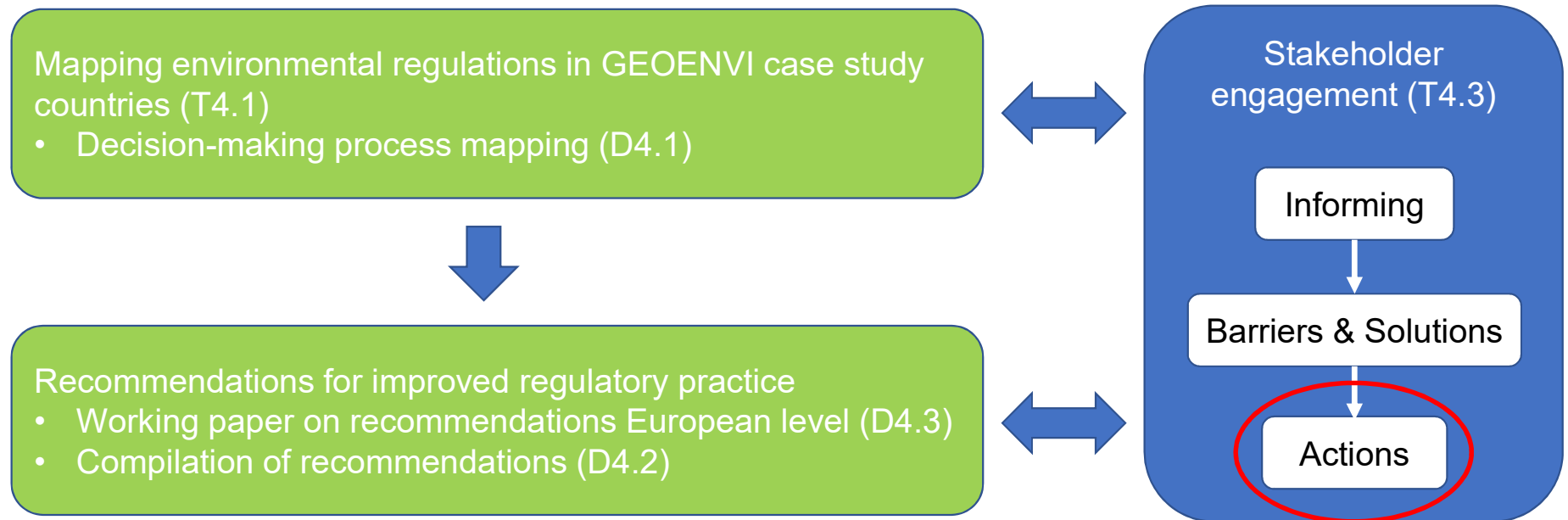
GEOENVI Work Package 4

- Map and analyze the current status of environmental regulations and practices for deep geothermal energy development
- Develop recommendations for improved regulatory practice
- Engage with and decision-makers and other stakeholders in developing recommendations



GEOENVI

○ Work package structure



○ Recommendations on environmental regulations

[Deliverable 4.2](#) / [Deliverable 4.3](#)

Technical topics:

- Seismicity → **March 9th**
- Aeriform emissions → **March 2nd**
- Aquifers' interferences and physical disturbances
- Discharge of geothermal fluids

March 18th

Process topics:

- Complex licensing and delays
- Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)
- Information sharing
- Local Benefits
- Public participation
- +
- Life Cycle Assessment and finance → **April 13th**

Feb. 23rd

 Policy briefs to be published on the GEOENVI website

6 /

○ **Process topics**

INFORMATION SHARING

GE  ENVI

71

○ Challenges

Information availability:

- Official and industry statistics often inoperable and fragmented
- Confidentiality issues, in particular for exploration data
- Different data collection methods and data availability across countries

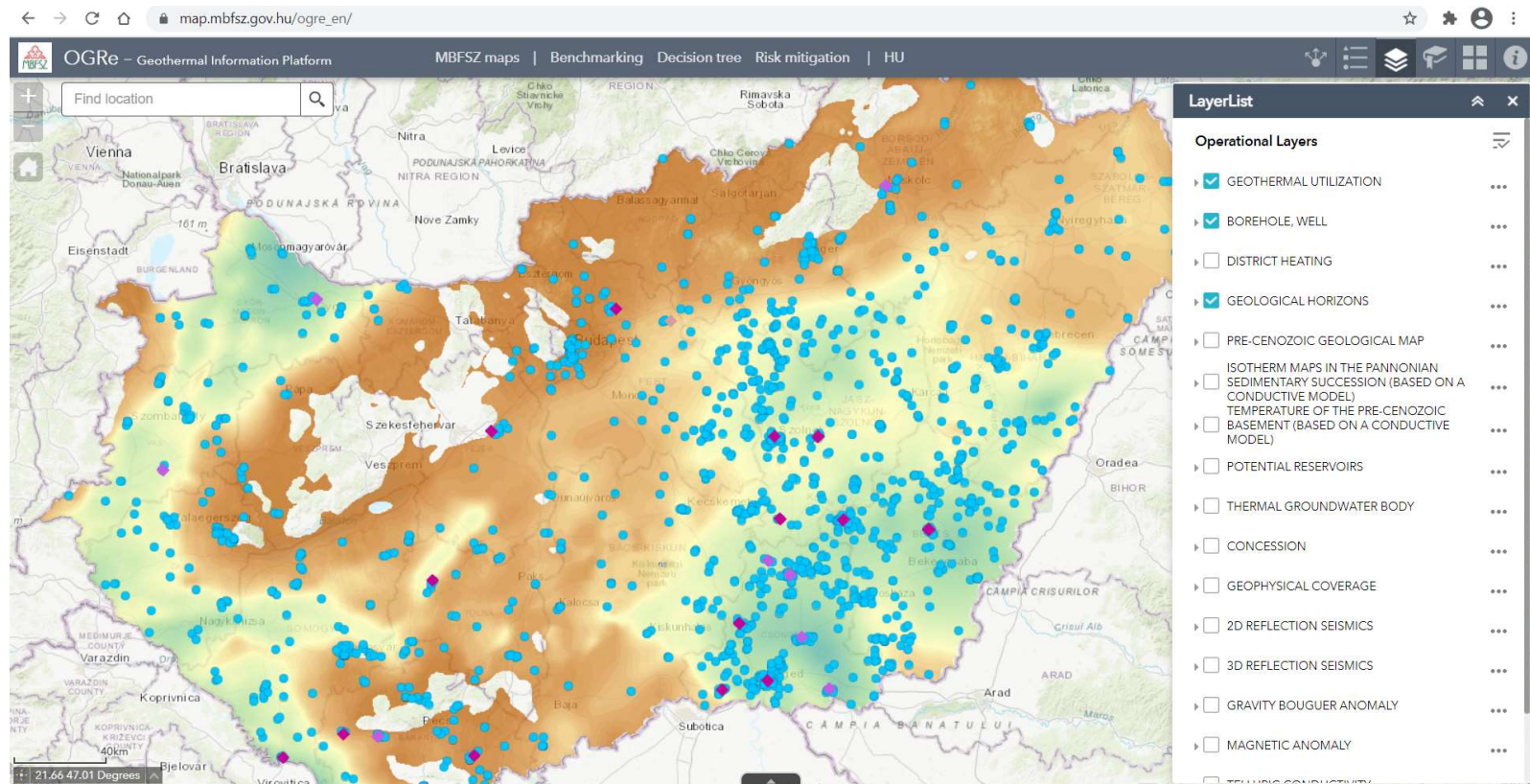
Information sharing:

- Various statistics difficult to access → can be interpreted as a lack of transparency
- Variety of data sharing tools: reports, databases, interactive portals
- Limited public data awareness

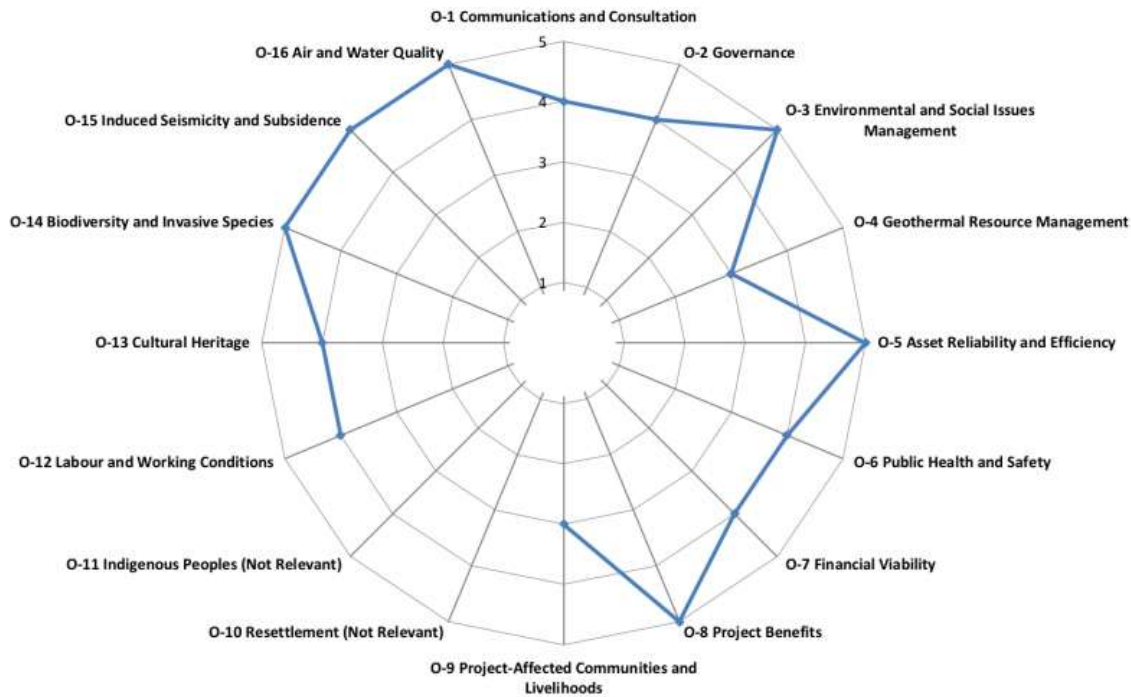
8/

○ Good practices - Interactive web portals

https://map.mbfisz.gov.hu/ogre_en/



○ Good practices - GSAP



Geothermal Sustainability Assessment Protocol



Hellisheidi Geothermal Project

Iceland

Project Stage: Operation

Assessment Date: 26/01/2018 to 02/02/2018



GEENVI

10 /

○ Recommendations

1. Define a European standard on information sharing
 - Minimum requirements applied consistently
 - GSAP can be starting point
2. Choose and collect the relevant information
 - Confidentiality, environmental concerns and positive impacts, comparative to other RES
3. Adapt the communication to the target
 - Distinguish 'the public' from 'the expert' for choosing dissemination channels, terminology.
4. Improve data accessibility and awareness of accessible information
 - FAIR data principles, independent appeal committee for confidentiality issues
5. Share reliable information and data
 - Pro-active data sharing to inform the public

11 /

○ **Process topics**

LOCAL BENEFITS

GE  ENVI

12 /

○ Challenges

- Various positive impacts on global, national and local levels
 - Climate, energy independence, revenues, district heating, regional economies, tourism, jobs, ...
- Positive impacts receive relatively little attention
 - Often a lack of information
- Connecting local benefits to those directly involved
- Connecting to grassroots energy innovation
- Capitalize on good practices:
 - Support schemes for district heating
 - Valorize royalties locally
 - Crowdfunding

GEENVI

○ Recommendations

1. Establish a fund derived from taxes/royalties to support the local communities and regions
 - Promote regional development
 - Focus: renewable energy applications, environmental and water management
2. Support the local utilization of geothermal heat
 - Cascade heat and dedicated smaller applications
 - Involve local SMEs
3. Establish a plan for valorising local benefits
 - Registry of social, economic, environmental benefits
 - Communication of those benefits
 - Training activities to foster local applications

14 /

○ **Process topics**

PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

15 /

○ Challenges

Quality of the communication between the public and the operators through public inquiry?

- Public inquiry does not necessarily reflect the population's position on a project
 - Fulfilling legal obligations and conflict avoidance as a main aim
- Low or variable participation of the population
- Communication challenges
 - Technical and sub-surface related issues
 - (low) Risk communication
- Difficulty to take into account expressed opinions
- Too narrow focus
 - Little attention for its broader role in the energy transition, societal and local issues

16 /

○ Recommendations

1. Deepen the process: aiming at a good quality dialogue
 - Beyond legal minimum requirements
 - Open, informed, two-way communication about all aspects of a geothermal project
2. Expand the perimeter
 - Geographically: neighboring cities
 - Governance: local authorities, associations representing the general public
3. Adapt the timing
 - Pro-active, early and continuous communication
4. Adapt the process to the territory
 - Tailored communication, information, and participation processes

17 |

○ Questions

- Most important **take-aways** from the recommendations on public participation, local benefits and information sharing?
- Main opportunities for **sharing and adopting good practices** across countries?
- Most important **next steps** to take to better target acceptability and co-ownership for deep geothermal projects?
 - directed to specific stakeholders (regulators, policy makers, operators, local authorities, associations, researchers...)?
 - to a specific level (regional, national, European)?

PLEASE TAKE OUR SURVEY! <https://www.menti.com/8sbswq8k1e>

GEENVI



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No [818242 — GEOENVI]



G E O E N V I